



NEW ZEALAND
ARCHAEOLOGICAL
ASSOCIATION

ARCHAEOLOGY IN NEW ZEALAND



This document is made available by The New Zealand
Archaeological Association under the Creative Commons
Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International License.

To view a copy of this license, visit
<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/>.

RECENT REPORTS

Best, S. 1995. Archaeological survey of the Rangiputa Block, Karikari Peninsula. Unpublished report to Landcorp. 56 pp.

Survey was intended to relocate and record known sites in swamp and dune country and to extend survey coverage from earlier work by J. Coster. Sites in this area mostly derived from Maori occupation and gumdigging, although many traces of the latter have been obliterated by farm development.

Bowers, L. 1995. Archaeological sites within Compartment 1, Stand 1, Pouturu Forest, Kawerau. Unpublished report to P.F. Olsen & Co. Ltd. 20 pp.

Bowers, L. 1995. Archaeological sites within Pouturu Forest, Kawerau. Unpublished report to P.F. Olsen & Co. Ltd. 21 pp plus plans.

Bowers, L. 1995. Archaeological sites within Onepu Forest, Kawerau. Unpublished report to P.F. Olsen & Co. Ltd. 21 pp plus plans.

Management-orientated re-survey of forestry blocks near Kawerau. Previous surveys had located large numbers of sites, mainly terraces and pits, in the Pouturu and Onepu Forest blocks.

Challis, A. J. 1995. *Ka Pakiki Whakatekateka O Waitaha: The Archaeology Of Canterbury In Maori Times*. Department of Conservation, Science & Research Series 89. 118 pp.

A major review of the prehistoric archaeology of the Canterbury region.

Fredericksen, C. 1995. An archaeological survey of a proposed forestry block, Honeymoon Valley, Northland. Unpublished report to Far North Afforestation (NZ) Ltd. 14 pp.

Survey of a 342 ha block of pastoral hill country in inland Northland. The land is being developed for forestry. No sites were found.

Petchey, P. 1994. Archaeological survey, alluvial gold workings in Upper Murphy's Creek, Macraes, 23-24 June 1994. Unpublished report to Macraes Mining Co. Ltd. 11 pp.

Report on the detailed (1:1,000) mapping of goldmining remains in advance of their modification by further mining.

Petchey, P. 1994. The Golden Bar Mine, Macraes, archaeological survey, October 1994. Unpublished report to Macraes Mining Co. Ltd. 52 pp.

Mining ventures from c.1889 to c.1942 at the Golden Bar Mine near Macraes Township have left a system of tunnels, adit entrances, and

RECENT REPORTS

mullock heaps, along with remains of the transport system used to move the ore, and battery sites to process it.

Petchey, P. 1995. Murphy's Flat to Stoneburn, preliminary archaeological survey, February 1995. Unpublished report to Macreas Mining Co. Ltd. 72 pp (plus plans).

Archaeological survey of area southeast of Dunback, Otago. Sites recorded included usual range of goldfield features including dwellings. Amongst the sites identified are linear tailings probably associated with early (1860s) goldmining at Murphy's flat. Some umu-ti sites also revisited.

Petchey, P. 1995. Island Block archaeological survey. Unpublished report to Fulton Hogan Ltd. 58 pp (plus copies of SRFs).

Survey of Island Block on the banks of the Clutha River. Focus of survey was on water supply system on left bank, which is largely intact, and the workings on the right bank, which have been extensively modified by agriculture and gravel extraction.

Taylor, M. 1994. *Cultural Heritage Inventory: A Maritime Inventory for the Auckland Region*. Auckland Regional Council, Technical Publication 35.

Describes the creation of a base maritime cultural heritage inventory for Auckland Regional Council. Most of the 1041 places listed belong to the historical period (1769-1900) and most numerous are wharves, shipwrecks, shipyards, hulks, and landings although a diverse range of site types were encountered.

Young, A. 1996. An archaeological survey of Somerville (Mangemangeroa) Reserve, Manukau City. Unpublished report to Manukau Parks, Manukau City Council. 40 pp (including copies of SRFs).

Survey of bush and pastoral land being developed as a reserve. One previously recorded site re-visited and five others, mostly terraces, recorded.